```
Pseudo-code for Shooting SM (Lower Level)
Module variables:
States: ALIGNING, RAMP SPEED, SHOOT BALL, QUERYINGSHOTSTATUS
Events Posted:
RunShootingSM
Takes ES Event CurrentEvent, returns CurrentEvent
Set MakeTransition variable to false, because we are not making a
transition currently
Set state type variable NextState to CurrentState
Set event type EntryEventKind to ES ENTRY (default to normal entry to
new state)
Set event type ReturnEvent to CurrentEvent
Switch (CurrentState)
     Case ALIGNING
          Execute During function for ALIGNING
          If there is still an event to process (not ES NO EVENT)
               Switch (Event)
                     Case: ES ALIGNED
                          Set NextState to RAMP SPEED
                          Set MakeTransition to true
                          Set ReturnEvent to ES NO EVENT
                    End Case
               End Switch
          End if
     End Case
     Case RAMP SPEED
          Call the DuringRAMP SPEED function
          Set CurrentEvent to returned event from during function
          If there is still an event to process (not ES NO EVENT)
               Switch (CurrentEvent)
                    Case ES RAMPED
                          Set next state to SHOOT BALL
                          Set MakeTransition to true
                          Set ReturnEvent to ES NO EVENT (consumed)
                    End Case
               End Switch
          End if
     End Case
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Case SHOOT BALL
          Call the DuringSHOOT BALL function
           Set CurrentEvent to returned event from during function
           If there is still an event to process (not ES NO EVENT)
                Switch (CurrentEvent)
                      Case ES TIMEOUT
                           Set next state to QUERYINGSHOTSTATUS
                           Set MakeTransition to true
                           Set ReturnEvent to ES NO EVENT (consumed)
                      End Case
                End Switch
          End if
     End Case
/* dealing with QueryingShotStatus state changes in during function*/
     If MakeTransition is true (we are transitioning to a different
     state)
          Set the CurrentEvent to ES EXIT
           Call RunShootingSM with CurrentEvent
           Set CurrentState to NextState
          Call RunMasterSM with ES ENTRY event (start the entry
           function for the new state)
     Endif
Return ReturnEvent
End RunMasterSM
StartShootingSM
Takes ES EVENT Current Event, returns nothing
Initialize CurrentState to ENTRY STATE, which is ALIGNING
Call RunShootingSM with Current Event (ES ENTRY event)
DuringAligning (handles aligning to the beacon)
Takes event, returns event
If event is ES ENTRY
     Enable/unmask Beacon Detection interrupt on input capture
     Call to set the turning direction as CW
     Set turning speed by calling motor command with desire duty
     Store the shooting active status
     Store current shooting location
```

If team is green Store green goal active status Else if team is red Store red goal active status End if Else if event is ES EXIT If exiting constructing state, give the lower levels a chance to clean up first Else No lower level state machine to run Do the activity that is repeated as long as we are in this state Endif Return Event (this event is either an event that ConstructingSM needs to handle, or ES NO EVENT if a lower level SM handled it) DuringRAMPSPEED Takes event, returns event If event is ES ENTRY Call GoGoFlyWheel to start motor and related interrupts Start a 5s framework timer to allow for the motor to ramp Else if event is ES EXIT Nothing to do Else No lower level state machine to run Do any activity that is repeated as long as we are in this state If EventType is ES TIMEOUT AND EventParam is FlyRampTimer Post ES RAMPED to MasterSM Endif Return Event (this event is either an event that ConstructingSM needs to handle, or ES NO EVENT if a lower level SM handled it) DuringShootingBall Takes event, returns event If event is ES ENTRY Change PWM duty/period to make the crank-slider push out a ball Start a framework called ShotsFired to fire in 2s

Else if event is ES EXIT

If exiting constructing state, give the lower levels a chance To clean up first

Else

No lower level state machine to run

Do any activity that is repeated as long as we are in this state

Endif

Return Event (this event is either an event that ConstructingSM needs to handle, or ES NO EVENT if a lower level SM handled it)

DuringQueryingShotStatus

Takes event, returns event

If event is ES_ENTRY Post ES QUERY to Comm

Else if event is ES_EXIT If exiting constructing state, give the lower levels a chance To clean up first Call KillFlyWheel to turn off motor and speed control

Else

No lower level state machine to run

If number of cows = 0
 Post ES_DRIVE_LOAD
Else If event is ES_TIMEOUT and param is CowResultWait
 Post ES_QUERY to CommSM
Else if event is ES_RESPONSE_READY
 If shooting location is still open and we have cows

Post ES_SHOOT to ShootSM to shoot again Else drive to the next shooting location ES DRIVE CHECKIN

to end ShootingSM End if

End if

Endif

Return Event (this event is either an event that ConstructingSM needs to handle, or ES NO EVENT if a lower level SM handled it)

InitFlyInputCapture (initializes input capture to measure period between encoder edges)

Takes nothing, returns nothing (3/02/17 afb)

Start by enabling the clock to the timer [regular timer 1A] Enable the clock to Port F Make sure timer (Timer 1A) is disabled before configuring it Set Timer 1A up in 32-bit wide counter (individ ual, not concatenated) mode Use the full 32 bit count, so initialize the Interval load to Oxffffffff Set up timer A in capture mode, for edge time, and upcounting To set event to both edges, write proper bits to T AEVENT bits in GPTMCTL. Trigger on rising edges Now set up the port to do capture (clock was enabled earlier) Start by setting the alternate function for Port F bit 2 Then, map bit ?'s alternate function to T1CCP0 and select mux value Enable pin 2 on Port F to be an input Enable timer for local capture interrupt Enable Timer 1A in Regular Timer 1A in NVIC (Interrupt 21 so in ENO at bit 21) Make sure interrupts are enabled globally Wait to kick off timer to enable it and enable timer to stall while stopped at debugger

End of InitFlyInputCapture

FlyInputCaptureResponse(an ISR to capture the times of rising and falling edges of the encoder)

Takes nothing, returns nothing [as all ISRs should!] (1/18/17 afb) Declare 32 bit local variable called ThisCapture As always, start by clearing the source of the interrupt, the input capture event Grab the captured time value Calculate the period Add to array of 50 edges for averaging/smoothing Update last capture to prepare for the next edge Reset count in FlyWheelStopCheck one-shot Create new event ThisEvent Set EventType of ThisEvent to ES_NewEdge Post ThisEvent Event to SpeedCounter service Return void End of FlyInputCaptureResponse

InitBeaconDetect (initializes input capture for beacon finding) Takes nothing, returns nothing

Enable Digital IN for BEACON on PD6 Set direction of pins to INPUT Enable the interrupt event for PD6 rising edge Enable interrupt in NVIC by writing to bit 8 in EN3 Change priority of event interrupt to 0. It is interrupt 104, so PRI26

End of InitBeaconDetect

BeaconDetectResponse (ISR to stop turning when beacon has been detected)

Takes nothing, returns nothing

Clear source of the interrupt Increment BeacondDetected to keep track of how many pulses we got If the Counter has reached the desired amount (to confirm that we are aligned with the beacon) Post ES_ALIGNED to MasterSM Stop Motor Mask the interrupt

Endif

End of BeaconDetectResponse

InitFlyControlPeriod (inits periodic interrupt timer for doing motor control)

Takes nothing, returns nothing (3/2/17 afb) Start by enabling the clock to the timer (Wide Timer **4A**) Kill a few cycles to let the clock get going Make sure that timer (Timer **4A**) is disabled before configuring Set it up in 32bit wide (individual, not concatenated) mode Set up timer **4A** in periodic mode so that it rep eats the time-outs Set timeout to 2mS Enable a local timeout interrupt Enable the Timer **A** in Wide Timer **4** interrupt in the NVIC it is interrupt number **102** so appears in EN **3** at bit **6** Set control priority lower than encoder priority by writing **1** to NVIC priority register **PRI25** interrupt **3** Make sure interrupts are enabled globally Now wait to kick the timer off until we need it, but enable the timer to stall while stopped by the debugger

End of InitFlyControlPeriod

FlyControlResponse (an ISR to execute the control law for flywheel motor)

Takes nothing, returns nothing [as all ISRs should!] (3/2/17 afb)

Vars: STATIC float IntegralTerm, STATIC float RPMError, STATIC float LastError, STATIC unsigned 32bit int ThisPeriod [TargetRPM set as module level float]

Start by clearing the source of the interrupt

Implement control law

ThisPeriod equals Period Calculate RPM by taking PER2RPM conversion divided by ThisPeriod Find RPMError by taking TargetRPM minus RPM IntegralTerm equals Integral Term plus IntegralGain times RPMError IntegralTerm equals value clamped between 0 and 100 as antiwindup To be compatible with Zeigler Nichols Tuning, RequestedDuty equals Kp*(RPMError + (IntegralTerm)) + Kd*(RPMError -LastError) Requested duty is clamped between zero and 100 LastError equals RPMError to update last error for next round SetDuty of Channel ?? to RequestedDuty Lower signal line P?? to show end of execution End of ControlResponse TO DO:

Set min/max rpm in constants Determine per2rpm conversion in response Set requested duty with motor code InitFlyWheelStopCheck (initializes a one-shot to check if the motor has stopped) ISR Init - Takes nothing and returns nothing start by enabling the clock to the timer (Wide Timer 4) Loop until timer hardware is ready Disable timer B before configuring Configure timer for 32bit (individual instead of concatenated) Macro define 16bit refers to individual timer rather than actual 16bit Set Timer a into one-shot mode (mask bits 0:1 and write value for 1-shot mode = 0×01) set timeout to 500 ms Enable local timeout interrupt. (TBTOIM = bit 0 maybe not?) Enable interrupt in NVIC register; we have interrupt 103 so nvic en3 bit 7 Change priority of one-shot to 2; we are using pri 25 Turn on interrupts globally set timer to stall in debugging. We will wait until the start function to start the timer FlyWheelStopCheck ISR (ISR to fire if the flywheel has stopped s ISR - Takes nothing, returns nothing clear source of interrupt Set RPM to zero Clear values in the RPM calculation stream clamp (a simple utility function to clamp value between to limits) Takes an input val, a lower bound, and an upper bound, returns clamped value (3/02/17 afb) if val is greater than ClampHigh, val is too high, so: return ClampHigh if val is less than ClamLow, val is too low, so: return ClampLow otherwise return val because val is just right PID ISR ShootingState is the return value of QueryShootingSM If ShootingState is RAMP SPEED AND speed is > +/- 5% of desired speed

Post ES RAMPED to ShootSM

GoGoFlyWheel (utility function to activate motor and interrupt function for the flywheel) Takes nothing, returns nothing (afb 3/3/17)

Turn motor on Enable interrupt for FlyInputCaptureResponse to detect encoder edges and thereby Enable interrupt for FlyWheelStopCheck to detect when wheel is stopped

End of GoGoFlyWheel

KillFlyWheel (utility function to deactivate motor and interrupt function for the flywheel)

Takes nothing, returns nothing (afb 3/3/17)

Turn motor off Disable interrupt for FlyInputCaptureResponse to detect encoder edges and thereby Disable interrupt for FlyWheelStopCheck to detect when wheel is stopped

End of KillFlyWheel

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Right now, for simplicity we set a 5s timer for the flywheel to get
up to speed. If we want a more responsive system, we can implement an
event checker and flag that will be raised when the speed is within a
certain range of the desired.
Function
   GetFlySpeedState
Parameters
  Nothing
Returns
  boolean
Description
 Public function to return a boolean if the motor is
Notes
Author
  Drew Bell, 03/03/17, 15:23
/
bool GetFlySpeedState( void ) {
   // add code
}
*******
Function
  CheckFlyUp2Speed
Parameters
  None
Returns
  bool: true if a new event was detected
Description
  Checks to see if the flywheel is up to speed
Notes
Author
```

```
Drew Bell, 03/03/17, 13:48
******/
bool CheckFlyUp2Speed(void)
{
 static uint8 t LastFlySpeedState = 0;
 uint8 t CurrentFlySpeedState;
 bool ReturnVal = false;
 CurrentFlySpeedState = GetFlySpeedState();
 // check for pin high AND different from last time
 // do the check for difference first so that you don't bother with
a test
 // of a port/variable that is not going to matter, since it hasn't
changed
 if ( (CurrentFlySpeedState != LastFlySpeedState) &&
      (CurrentFlySpeedState == SPEED CORRECT) )
 {
                      // event detected, so post detected event
   printf("speed correct, shooter ready /n/r");
   ReturnVal = true;
 }
 LastFlySpeedState = CurrentFlySpeedState; // update the state for
next time
*/
 return ReturnVal;
```